INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2012

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# Officials

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires							
	Board of Education								
	(Before September 2011 Election)								
Duane Reineke Bruce Bratland Tom Olson Byron How Sharon Berte	President Vice President	2011 2011 2013 2013 2011							
(After September 2011 Election)									
Tom Olson Sharon Berte Judy Fredin Byron How Christine Bothne	President Vice President	2013 2015 2015 2013 2015							
	School Officials								
Greg Darling	Superintendent								
Rhiannon Lange	District Secretary								
Annie Rathke	District Treasurer								

# **BRUCE D. FRINK**

# **Certified Public Accountant**

### Member

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- lowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

## Services:

- Individual, Partnership and Corporate Tax Preparation
- Year Round Tax Planning
- Payroll & Sales Tax Preparation
- · I.R.S. Representation
- · Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- Data Processing Services
- · Payroll Preparation
- Financial Statement Preparation
- · Bank Loan Assistance

## Plus:

- Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Saturdays Available by Appointment
- Extended Hours During Tax Season

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education of
Twin Rivers Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Rivers Community School District, Bode, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Rivers Community School District at June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2013 on our consideration of Twin Rivers Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 4 through 12 and 37 through 39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and

202 Central Avenue East P.O. Box 241 Clarion, IA 50525 Phone: (515) 532-6659 Fax: (515) 532-3677 bruce@frinkcpa.com comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Twin Rivers Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2011 (which are not presented herein) and expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. The financial statements for the seven years ended June 30, 2010 (which are not presented herein) were audited by other auditors who expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 2, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. general accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Bruce D. Frish

March 13, 2013

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Twin Rivers Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

# 2012 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues decreased from \$2,535,690 in fiscal 2011 to \$2,085,066 in fiscal 2012, while General Fund expenditures decreased from \$2,163,695 in fiscal 2011 to \$1,908,951 in fiscal 2012. The District operated as a separate K-5 with grades 6-12 attending Humboldt Community School District in fiscal 2012. The large decrease in both revenues and expenses from the prior year is because the two way sharing with Gilmore City-Bradgate Community School District in fiscal 2011 inflated both as sharing dollars were exchanged.
- The District's General Fund increased by over \$60,000. Cost containment measures and one way sharing with Humboldt helped keep expenses down.
- The General Fund (with the approval of the SBRC) transferred \$131,942 to the Enterprise Fund Daycare to zero out the Daycare deficit. The Department of Education forced the District to discontinue subsidizing the daycare program. Efforts to obtain an outside party to operate the facility were unsuccessful.

# USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Twin Rivers Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Twin Rivers Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Twin Rivers Community School District acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year as well as presenting the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.

Other Supplementary Information includes detailed information about the Student Activity Fund and a multiyear comparison of revenues and expenses.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

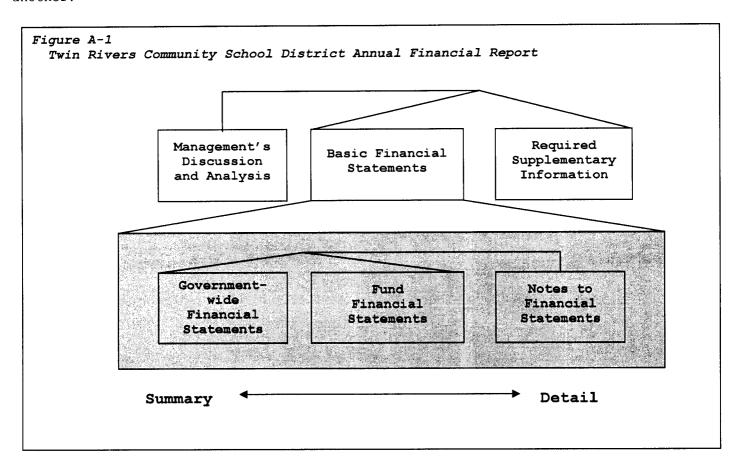


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

# Figure A-2 Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

······································	Government-wide		Fund Statements	
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Fund	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: food services and child care operations	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs
Required financial statements	• Statement of net assets • Statement of activities	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances</li> </ul>	• Statement of net assets • Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets • Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets     Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

# REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition and childcare programs are included here.

# Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The District has elected to include all funds as "major" for clarity of presentation.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Capital Projects Funds and the Debt Service Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Fund, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as its business type activities but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has two Enterprise Funds; the School Nutrition Fund and Daycare Fund.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows.

- 3) Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. These funds include Private-Purpose Trust Funds.
  - Private-Purpose Trust Fund The District accounts for outside donations for scholarships for individual students in this fund.

The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The required financial statements for fiduciary funds include a statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2012 compared to June 30, 2011.

		C		Figure A-3 tatement of seed in Tho		:8	M-4-3		
	Govern		Busines: Activi		Tot. Distr		Total Change		
		ities	June		June		June 30,		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2011-2012		
Current assets	\$ 3,824	3,159	16	(95)	3,840	3,064	25.33%		
Capital assets	536	535		10	536	545	- <u>1.65</u> %		
Total assets	4,360	3,694	16	(85)	4,376	3,609	21.25%		
Current liabilities	1,713	1,417	_	-	1,713	1,417	20.89%		
Non-current liabilities	129	137	-		129	137	100.00%		
Total liabilities	1,842	1,554		-	1,842	1,554	<u>18.53</u> %		
Net assets:									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt	446	427	-	10	446	437	2.06%		
Restricted	740	416	-	-	740	416	77.88%		
Unrestricted	1,332	1,297	16	(95)	1,348	1,202	<u>12.15</u> %		
Total net assets	\$ 2,518	2,140	16	(85)	2,534	2,055	23.31%		

The District's combined net assets increased by over 23%, or approximately \$479,000 from the prior year. The largest portion of the District's net assets is invested in cash.

Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements, increased approximately 12%. Cost containment measures have been effective in maintaining the General Fund balance.

Business type activities improved as the Day Care Fund was closed with a transfer from the General Fund.

Figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the years ended June 30, 2012 compared to the year ended June 30, 2011

				Figure A	-4		
			Chang	ges in Net	Assets		
			(Expre	ssed in Th	nousands)		
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss Type	Tot	al	Total
	Activ	rities	Activ	rities	School I	District	Change
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2011-2012
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for service and sales	\$ 20	172	30	85	50	257	-80.54%
Operating grants, contributions							
and restricted interest	421	571	35	52	456	623	-26.81%
General revenues:							
Property tax	1,256	1,336	-	_	1,256	1,336	-5.99%
Income surtax	148	182	-	-	148	182	-18.68%
Statewide sales, service							
and use tax	131	149	-	-	131	149	-12.08%
Unrestricted state grants	539	443	-	-	539	443	21.67%
Unrestricted investment earnings	10	18	-	-	10	18	-44.44%
Other	100	51			100	51	96.08%
Total revenues	2,625	2,922	65	137	2,690	3,059	- <u>12.06</u> %
Program expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	1,333	1,562	-	-	1,333	1,562	-14.66%
Support Services	575	632	_	-	575	632	-9.02%
Non-instructional programs	-	-	96	169	96	169	-43.20%
Other expenses	207	234			207	234	- <u>11.54</u> %
Total expenses	2,115	2,428	96	169	2,211	2,597	- <u>14.86</u> %
Interfund transfers	(132)		132				100.00%
Change in net assets	\$ 378	494	\$ 101	(32)	479	462	3.68%

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 64% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services which account for 81% of the total expenses.

# Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$2,624,977 and expenses were \$2,246,717, for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2012 compared to the year ended June 30, 2011.

			Figure Met Cost of G (Expressed in	overnmental Act	civities	
	 Total	Cost of Servi	ces	Net C	ost of Service	es
	 2012	2011	Change 2010-2011	2012	2011	Change 2011-2012
Instruction	\$ 1,333	1,562	-14.66%	1,007	768	31.12%
Support services	575	632	-9.02%	531	615	-13.66%
Non-instructional programs	-	_	0.00%	-	3	-100.00%
Other expenses	 207	234	- <u>11.54</u> %	136	115	<u>18.26</u> %
Totals	\$ 2,115	2,428	-12.89%	1,674	1,501	11.53%

For the year ended June 30, 2012:

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$19,568.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$329,051.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,256,313 in property and other taxes and \$538,822 in unrestricted state grants.

# Business Type Activities

Operating and other government revenues for business type activities during the year ended June 30, 2012 were \$61,630 and expenses totaled \$96,597. The District's business type activities include the School Nutrition Fund and a Daycare Fund. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

The Daycare Fund was closed in fiscal 2012 as the DE required the facility to be self-supporting. Efforts to find a private provider to operate the facility were unsuccessful. The General Fund transferred \$131,942 to the Daycare Fund in order to cover the remaining deficit.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted, Twin Rivers Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balance of \$1,953,430, a twenty-four percent increase from last year's ending fund balances of \$1,580,253. An increase of over \$200,000 in the Management Fund was the primary factor for such a large increase.

# Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District's General Fund financial status increased this year primarily due to cost containment measures. Sharing of a superintendent with Humboldt began in FY11. One way sharing of grades six through twelve and other administrative positions began in fiscal 2012.
- The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL levy) increased by over \$91,000. The District uses these funds for a variety of infrastructure projects. The District sold portable buildings which accounted for most of the increase.
- The Capital Projects, State Sales, Services and Use Tax Fund increased by over \$17,000 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012. This money can be used for many of the same purposes as the District's PPEL levy. The District uses the funds for equipment and building projects.

# Proprietary Fund Highlights

The School Nutrition Fund had a \$3,937 decrease in cash balance. The Daycare Fund was closed due to an inability to support itself without assistance from the General Fund.

# BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's receipts were \$292,046 less than budgeted receipts, a variance of 10%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving less in local and state revenues than originally anticipated.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the General Fund. It is the District's practice to budget expenditures at the maximum authorized spending authority for the General Fund. The District then manages or controls General Fund spending through its line-item budget. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed actual expenditures for the year. The published budgeted amounts were not exceeded in any of the four functions. The District has a positive General Fund unspent authorized budget.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# Capital Assets

At June 30, 2012, the District had invested \$535,855, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net decrease of 2% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$92,552.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was \$1,974,146. Governmental funds account for \$1,863,892, with the remainder of \$110,254 accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

	-		(		Figure A-6 tatement of sed in Tho	Net Asset	:8	
		Governm Activi		Busines Activi		Tot Distr		Total Change
		June	30,	June	30,	June	June 30,	
		2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2011-2012
Land	\$	5	5	_	_	5	5	0.00%
Buildings		267	283	-	_	267	283	-5.65%
Improvements other than buildings		67	72	-	_	67	72	-6.94%
Furniture and equipment		196	149	10	18	206	167	23.35%
Totals	\$	535	509	10	18	545	527	3.42%

# Long-Term Debt

The District has \$90,183 remaining on two bus leases plus early retirement plan and other post employment benefits. They are described in further detail in the notes to the financial statements. The Board agreed to return one bus in fiscal 2013 when the payment comes due.

# ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Declining enrollment and the loss of the budget guarantee have caused revenues to decline while expenditures keep rising. Sharing administration with Humboldt has resulted in short term state financial incentives.
- Beginning in FY12, the District no longer received sharing dollars for the students in grades four through eight because of the dissolution of the sharing arrangement with Gilmore City-Bradgate Community School District. Grades six through twelve were sent to Humboldt.
- Unfunded mandates are stretching the limits of not only the financial health of the District, but also the human resources aspect of the District. "No Child Left Behind", "Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Act", and "GASB 34", to name a few.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Annie Rathke, Business Manager, Twin Rivers Community School District, PO Box 130, Dakota City, IA 50529.



# Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total	
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,190,585	11,167	2,201,752	
Receivables:				
Property tax:				
Current year	22,971	-	22,971	
Succeeding year	1,317,054	-	1,317,054	
Income surtax - succeeding year	157,728	-	157,728	
Interfund receivable	=		-	
Other receivables	136,265	-	136,265	
Inventories	-	4,535	4,535	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	535,855		535,855	
Total assets	4,360,458	15,702	4,376,160	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	396,391	-	396,391	
Deferred revenue:				
Succeeding year property tax	1,317,054	-	1,317,054	
Long-term liabilities:				
Portion due within one year:				
Bus note payable	90,183	-	90,183	
Portion due after one year:				
Net OPEB liability	38,375	_	38,375	
Total liabilities	1,842,003	_	1,842,003	
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets	445,672	_	445,672	
Restricted for:				
Categorical funding	22,195	=	22,195	
Student activities	12,699	_	12,699	
Management levy	260,653	_	260,653	
School infrastructure	253,296	_	253,296	
Physical plant and equipment levy	191,393	_	191,393	
Unrestricted	1,332,547	15,702	1,348,249	
Total net assets	\$ 2,518,455	15,702	2,534,157	

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2012

		Progra	Program Revenues	Net and C	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	ue sets
		Charges for	Operating Grants, Contributions	Governmental	Business Tvoe	
	Expenses	Service	Interest	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$ 1,333,498	19,568	306,490	(1,007,440)		(1,007,440)
Support services:						
Student services	23,649	I	i	(23,649)	1	(23,649)
Instructional staff services	38,318	1	1	(38,318)	1	(38,318)
Administration services	260,058	ı	1	(260,058)	ı	(260,058)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	162,245	1	43,430	(118,815)	1	(118, 815)
Transportation services	90,258	-	1	(90,258)	1	(90,258)
	574,528	1	43,430	(531,098)		(531,098)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	70,537	i	70,537	1	ı	1
Debt service interest	5,077	ı	I	(5,077)	ı	(5,077)
Facilities acquisition and construction	48,191	1	623	(47,568)	1	(47,568)
Depreciation (unallocated)*	82,944	1	1	(82,944)	1	(82,944)
	206,749	1	71,160	(135, 589)	1	(135, 589)
Total governmental activities	2,114,775	19,568	421,080	(1,674,127)	1	(1,674,127)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2012

ts	Total	(31,400)	(1,705,527)		973,440	250,245	32,628	147,515	131,245	538,822	969'6	83,245	17,493	2,184,329		1	478,802	2,055,355	2,534,157
Net (Expense) Revenue d Changes in Net Asset	Business Type Activities	(31,400)	(31,400)		1	1	1	I	ı	1	1	ı	1			131,942	100,542	(84,840)	15,702
Net (Exper and Changes	Governmental F Activities	F	(1,674,127)		\$ 973,440	250,245	32,628	147,515	131,245	538,822	969'6	83,245	17,493	2,184,329		(131,942)	378,260	2,140,195	\$ 2,518,455
Program Revenues	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	34,982	456,062																
Progra	Charges for Service	30,215	49,783																
	Expenses	96,597	\$ 2,211,372																
		Business type activities: Non-instructional programs: Nutrition and child care services	Total	General revenues and transfers:	Property tax levied for:	Wanagement fund	Capital outlay	Income surtaxes collected for:		Statewide Sales, Services and use cax	Uniteditioned State grants	Unrestricted investment equitings	Sale of property Other	Total general revenue	Noninstructional programs	Permanent transfer to Enterprise Fund - Daycare	Change in net assets	Net assets beginning of year	Net assets end of year

<sup>\*</sup> This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs

See notes to financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2012

	Total		2,190,585		22,971	1,317,054	157,728	12,467	136,265	3,837,070
Physical Plant and	Levy		154,817		ı	34,815	I	ı	36,576	226,208
Statewide Sales	Jervices and Use Tax Levy		249,508		1	•	ı	6,175	41,670	297,353
	Management		247,701		250	200,000	1	6,292	6,410	460,653
	Activity		12,699		1	1	1	1	1	12,699
	General		\$ 1,525,860		22,721	1,082,239	157,728	ı	51,609	2,840,157
	Statewide Sales	Statewide Physical Sales Plant and Student Management Services and Equipment Activity Levy Use Tax Levy Levy	Statewide Physical Sales Plant and Student Management Services and Equipment Activity Levy Use Tax Levy Levy	Statewide Physical Sales Plant and Student Management Services and Equipment Activity Levy Use Tax Levy Levy  12,699 247,701 249,508 154,817	Statewide Physical Sales Plant and Sales Plant and Sales Plant and Activity Levy Use Tax Levy Levy Levy Levy Levy Levy Levy Levy	Statewide Physical Sales Plant and Student Management Services and Equipment Activity Levy Use Tax Levy Levy  12,699 247,701 249,508 154,817	Statewide Physical Sales Plant and Student Management Services and Equipment Activity Levy Use Tax Levy Levy  12,699 247,701 249,508 154,817  - 2500,000 - 34,815	Statewide Physical Sales Student Management Services and Equipment Activity  Levy Use Tax Levy Levy  12,699 247,701 249,508 154,817  - 2500,000 - 34,815	Statewide Physical Sales Student Management Services and Equipment Activity Levy Use Tax Levy Levy  12,699 247,701 249,508 154,817  - 250,000 - 34,815 - 6,292 6,175 - 6	Statewide Physical Sales Plant and Sales Plant and Sales Plant and Sales Plant and Activity Levy Use Tax Levy Levy Levy Levy Levy Levy Levy Levy

# Assets

Cash and pooled investments
Receivables:
Property tax:
Current year
Succeeding year
Income surtax - succeeding year
Interfund receivable
Other receivables

Total assets

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2012

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2012

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)	\$ 1,953,430
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2012 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a revenue in the Statement of Activities.	157,728
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	535,855
Long-term liabilities, including early retirement and other postemployment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	(128,558)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$ 2,518,455

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2012

		Special	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	rojects		
		Student	Management	Statewide Sales Services and	Physical Plant and Equipment	Debt	
	General	Activity	Levy	Use Tax Levy	Levy	Service	Total
Revenues:							
Local sources:							
Local tax	\$ 1,124,899	•	250,245	131,245	32,628	l	1,539,017
Tuition	1,900	ı	1	I	I	ĺ	1,900
Other	44,857	2,439	5,586	623	12,844	I	66,349
State sources	771,520	1	1	1	25,000	I	796,520
Federal sources	141,890	I		1	1	1	141,890
Total revenues	2,085,066	2,439	255,831	131,868	70,472	1	2,545,676
Expenditures:							
Instruction	1,301,784	15,739	6,375			1	1,323,898
Support services:							
Student services	23,649	1	1	ı	ı	I	23,649
Instructional staff services	57,761	1	•	1	ı	1	57,761
Administration services	235,680	1	1	38,103	1	1	273,783
Operation and maintenance of plant services	129,282	i	32,963	1	1	1	162,245
Transportation services	90,258	1	1	1	1	1	90,258
	536, 630	1	32,963	38,103	1	1	969,709

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2012

	Physical Plant and Equipment Debt Levy Service Total	70,537	,	- 5,077 5,077	45,401 - 98,626	45,401     23,045     192,208       45,401     23,045     2,123,802	25,071 (23,045) 421,874	65,953 – 83,245 - 23,045 23,045 - (154,987)	65,953 23,045 (48,697)	91,024 - 373,177	100,369 - 1,580,253	191,393 - 1,953,430
Capital Projects	Statewide Phys Sales Plant Services and Equip Use Tax Levy Le	I	1	Í	53,225	53,225 91,328 4	40,540	- 6 (23,045)	(23,045) 6	17,495	235,801 10	253, 296 19
1 Revenue	Management <u>Levy</u>	1	ı	1	1	39,338	216,493	1 1 1		216,493	44,160	260,653
Special	Student Activity	- '	1	1		7 1 15,739	5 (13,300)	2 - 2	- (0	5 (13,300)	25,999	9 12,699
	General	70,537				1,908,951	176,115	17,292	(114,650	61,465	1,173,924	\$ 1,235,389
		Other expenditures: AEA flowthrough Long-term debt:	Principal	Interest	Facilities acquisition and construction	Total expenditures	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses): Sale of property Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balances	Fund balances beginning of year	Fund balances end of year

\$ 378,260

# TWIN RIVERS COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)	\$ 373,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Income surtaxes not collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are included as deferred revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. This represents the change in income surtax receivable from the prior fiscal year.	(3,944)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Net Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows:	
Capital outlays  Depreciation expense  \$ 83,603 (82,944)	
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of activities.	17,968
Some expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Early retirement Other postemployment benefits 4,000 (13,600	

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

# Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2012

	School Nutrition
Assets	
Cash and pooled investments Inventories Total assets	\$ 11,167 4,535 15,702
Net assets	
Unrestricted	15,702
Total net assets	\$ 15,702

Year ended June 30, 2012

	School Nutrition	Daycare	Total
Operating revenue:			
Local sources:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,753	28,462	30,215
Operating expenses:			
Non-instructional programs:			
Food service operations:			
Salaries	18,524	•••	18,524
Benefits	2,912	_	2,912
Services	331	-	331
Supplies	19,227	_	19,227
Depreciation	9,608	_	9,608
Total operating expenses	50,602	_	50,602
Community service programs:			
Salaries	-	36,722	36,722
Benefits	-	4,902	4,902
Supplies	-	4,371	4,371
	-	45,995	45,995
Total operating expenses	50,602	45,995	96,597
Operating (loss)	(48,849)	(17,533)	(66,382)
Non-operating revenues:			
Local sources	51	198	249
State sources	336	_	336
Federal sources	30,434	3,963	34,397
	30,821	4,161	34,982
Transfer from General Fund		131,942	131,942
Change in net assets	(18,028)	118,570	100,542
Net assets beginning of year	33,730	(118,570)	(84,840)
Net assets end of year	\$ 15,702	_	15,702

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2012

	School Nutrition	Daycare	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from sale of services	\$ 6,895	35,737	42,632
Cash payments to employees for services	(21,436)	(41,624)	(63,060)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(14,764)	(4,698)	(19,462)
Net cash (used by) operating activities	(29,305)	(10,585)	(39,890)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:			
Local sources	51	198	249
State grants received	336	-	336
Federal grants received	24,981	3,963	28,944
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	25,368	4,161	29,529
Cash flows from capital financing activities:			
Transfer from General Fund	_	131,942	131,942
Repayment to General Fund	_	(125,518)	(125,518)
Transfer from General Fund		6,424	6,424
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,937)	-	(3,937)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	15,104	_	15,104
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 11,167		11,167
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash			
(used by) operating activities:			
Operating (loss)	\$ (48,849)	(17,533)	(66,382)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used by) operating activities:			
Depreciation	9,608	_	9,608
Commodities used	5,453	_	5,453
Decrease in receivables	5,142	7,275	12,417
(Increase) in inventory	(659)	· –	(659)
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(327)	(327)
	\$ (29,305)	(10,585)	(39,890)

# Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the District received federal commodities valued at \$5,453.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust Fund Scholarship
Assets Cash and pooled investments Land Total assets	\$ 54,308 50,000 104,308
Net Assets Reserved for scholarships	\$ 104,308

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust Fund Scholarship
Additions:	
Local sources:	
Rent	\$ 27,445
Interest on investments	374
Total additions	27,819
Deductions:	
Support services:	
Property taxes	2,313
Miscellaneous	5,200
Scholarships	11,500
Total deductions	19,013
Change in net assets	8,806
Net assets beginning of year	95,502
Net assets end of year	\$ 104,308

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2012

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Twin Rivers Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Bode and Livermore, Iowa, and agricultural area in Humboldt and Kossuth Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis. The District also contracted, as explained in Note 6, with the Humboldt Community School District to educate students in grades six through twelve.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

# A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Twin Rivers Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The Twin Rivers Community School District has one component unit that meets the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria. The Twin Rivers Education Foundation has been included as a blended component unit and is included in the District's financial statements as a private purpose trust fund.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Humboldt County Assessor's Conference Board.

# B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in the following categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The District has elected to include all funds as major funds for clarity of presentation

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Student Activity Fund is used to account for extra curricular activities conducted on behalf of the students.

The Capital Projects, Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Management Levy Fund is utilized for the payment of insurance, unemployment and early retirement benefits.

The Capital Projects, Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Fund is used to purchase equipment (over \$500 per item) and for major repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds. It is funded primarily through a combination of property tax and income surtax.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The District's proprietary funds are the Enterprise, Daycare and School Nutrition Funds. These funds are used to account for the child care and food service operations of the District.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's fiduciary fund is the following:

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District under trust agreements which require income earned to be used to benefit individuals through scholarship awards.

# C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications - committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

The proprietary funds of the District apply all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

# D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Current property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2010 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2011.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment and intangibles are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years. There were no intangible assets that exceeded the threshold for capitalization.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 500
Buildings	5,000
Improvements other than buildings	5,000
Intangibles	25,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	500
Other furniture and equipment	2,500

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	5-20 years
Intangibles	3-10 years
Furniture and equipment	3-15 years

Deferred Revenue - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Compensated Absences - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees who have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2012.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Restricted - Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

# E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2012 expenditures did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any of the four functions. The District did not exceed its General Fund unspent authorized budget.

# (2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2012 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments at June 30, 2012.

# (3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End of
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,000	_	_	5,000
Land	<del>y</del> 3,000			
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	911,875	_	45,000	866,875
Improvements other than buildings	213,934	_	_	213,934
Furniture and Equipment	649,480	83,603		733,083
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,775,289	83,603	45,000	1,813,892
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	644,922	16,477	45,000	616,399
Improvements other than buildings	147,359	5,622	-	152,981
Furniture and Equipment	452,812	60,845	_	513,657
Total accumulated depreciation	1,245,093	82,944	45,000	1,283,037
	520 106	65.0		520 055
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	530,196	659		530,855
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 535,196	659	-	535,855
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 110,254	_	_	110,254
Less accumulated depreciation	100,646	9,608	_	110,254
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,608	(9,608)	-	_
Depreciation expense was charged to the follow	ving function	ıs:		
	•			
Governmental activities:				
Unallocated				\$ 82,944
Business type activities:				
Food service operations				\$ 9,608

# (4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.38% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 8.07% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$40,414, \$63,315, and \$74,372 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

# (5) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the Area Education Agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$70,537 for year ended June 30, 2012 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

# (6) Whole Grade Sharing

During the 2011/2012 school year the District was entered into an agreement with the Humboldt Community School District for one way sharing grades 6 through 12. All students 6 through 12 are attending the Humboldt Community School District. Grades kindergarten through 5 is educated in Bode.

# (7) Risk Management

Twin Rivers Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

# (8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their spouses. There are 21 active members and 2 retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a fully-insured plan with Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees, which result in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefits plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding which, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2012, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 31,000
Interest on net OPEB Obligation	1,600
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual OPEB Cost	32,600
Contributions made	(19,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	13,600
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	24,775
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 38,375

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of the year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2012 are summarized as follows:

Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$31,000	61.3%	\$12,000
June 30, 2011	\$31,775	59.8%	\$24,775
June 30, 2012	\$32,600	58.3%	\$38,375

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2012, the actuarial accrued liability was \$304,000, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$304,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$528,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 57.6%. As of June 30, 2012, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions — Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress presented as Required Supplementary Information, in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation date, the alternative measurement method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5% discount rate based on the District's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 11%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 5%. The medical trend rate is reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the 5% ultimate trend rate.

Mortality rates are from the RP2000 Group Annuity Mortality Table, applied on a gender-specific basis. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were developed from retirement probabilities from the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2007 and applying the termination factors used in the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2007.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$16,333 per year for retirees less than age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 3.5% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

### (9) Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012 are summarized as follows:

	Balance Beginning Year	Additions	Reductions	Balance End of Year	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Bus Notes Payables Termination Benefits Net OPEB Liability	\$108,151 4,000 24,775	13,600	17,968 4,000 ———	90,183	90,183
Total	\$ <u>136,926</u>	<u>13,600</u>	<u>21,968</u>	128,558	<u>90,183</u>

### Termination Benefits

The District offers a voluntary early retirement plan to its employees. Eligible employees must have completed at least fifteen years of service to the District and must have reached the age of fifty-five on or before June 30 in the calendar year in which early retirement commences. The application for early retirement is subject to approval by the Board of Education and no more than two employees per year will be granted benefits under the policy.

At June 30, 2012, the District has fully paid its existing obligations. Actual early retirement expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2012 totaled \$4,000.

### Bus Notes Payable

Year

The District issued \$145,360 of notes during the year ended June 30, 2010 to purchase two buses. These notes and the interest will be paid from the Capital Projects Fund. Details of the notes are as Follows:

Ending June 30,				
	Rates	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	0.0%	\$ <u>90,183</u>	4,236	94,419

During the year ending June 30, 2012 the District made principal and interest payments totaling \$23,045 under the note agreements.

In April 2012, the Board of Education approved returning the 2010 Thomas bus which, was leased in August 2009. Return of the vehicle will be done in fiscal 2013 and will be recorded in the District's financial records at that time.

### (10) Interfund Receivables and Payables

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Receivables Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Management Fund Capital Projects Fund,	General Fund	\$6,292
Statewide Sales Services and Use Tax Levy	General Fund	6,175

The interfund receivable/payable represents monies loaned for cash flow.

### (11) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund, Statewide Sales Services and Use Tax Levy	\$ 23,045

The transfers moved revenues from the funds statutorily required to collect the resources to expend the resources.

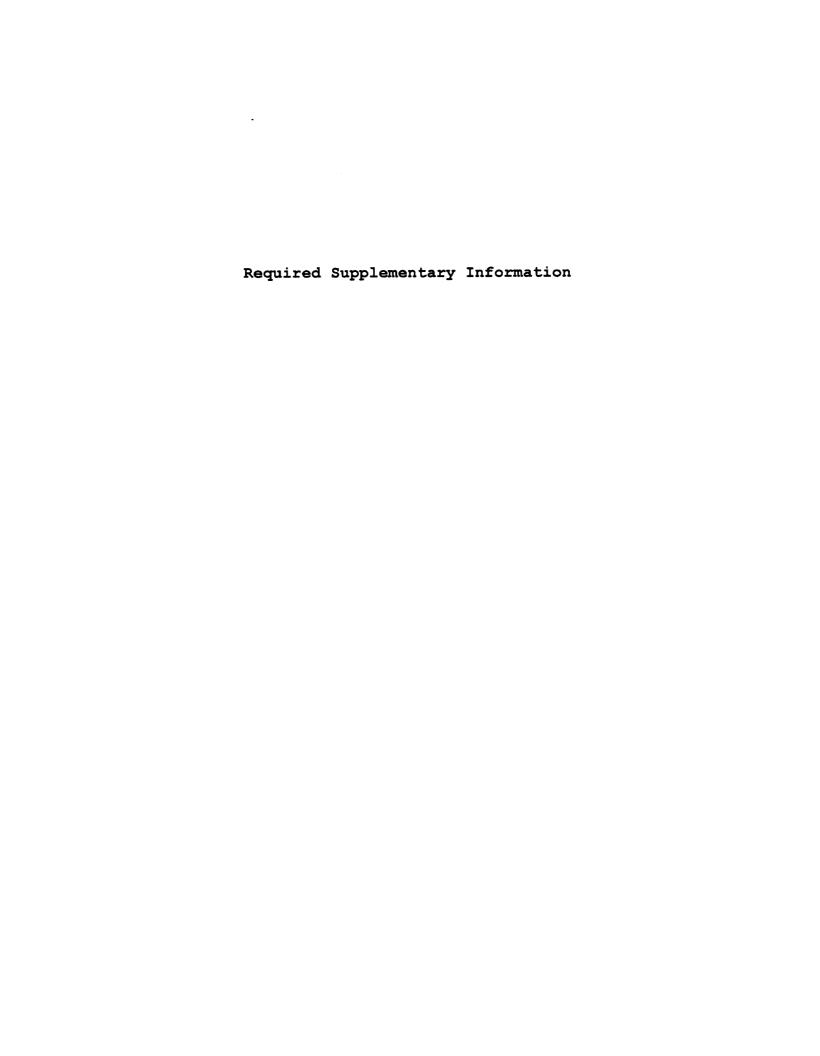
Daycare Fund General Fund \$131,942

Transfer approved by the Department of Education upon discontinuance of Daycare Fund to cover accumulated deficits.

### (12) Categorical Funding

The District's fund balance restricted for categorical funding as of June 30, 2012 is comprised of the following programs:

Program	Amount
Mentoring	\$ 635
Teacher quality	3,907
Preschool	10,621
Professional development for teacher quality	6,319
Professional development for model core	713
Total	\$ <u>22,195</u>



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

## Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2012

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 1,607,266	30,464	1,637,730	1,866,195	1,866,195	(228,465)
State sources	796,520	336	796,856	920,224	920,224	(123, 368)
Federal sources	141,890	34,397	176,287	116,500	116,500	59,787
Total revenues	2,545,676	65, 197	2,610,873	2,902,919	2,902,919	(292,046)
Expenditures/Expenses:						
Instruction	1,323,898	ŀ	1,323,898	1,941,000	1,941,000	617,102
Support services	969, 696	ŀ	969,099	745,500	745,500	137,804
Non-instructional programs	1	96,597	96,597	120,000	120,000	23,403
Other expenditures	192,208	1	192,208	362,735	362,735	170,527
Total expenditures/expenses	2,123,802	96,597	2,220,399	3,169,235	3,169,235	948,836
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures/expenses	421,874	(31,400)	390,474	(266, 316)	(266, 316)	656,790
Other financing sources (uses)	(48,697)	131,942	83,245	53,050	53,050	30,195
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures/expenses and other						
financing uses	373,177	100,542	473,719	(213, 266)	(213, 266)	686,985
Balance beginning of year	1,580,253	(84,840)	1,495,413	882,069	882,069	613,344
Balance end of year	\$ 1,953,430	15,702	1,969,132	668,803	668,803	1,300,329

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Note to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2012

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, expenditures did not exceed the amount budgeted in any of the four functions. The District did not exceed its General Fund unspent authorized budget.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30,	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2010	Jul 1, 2009	\$0	\$304	\$304	0.0%	\$970	31.3%
2011	Jul 1, 2009	\$0	\$304	\$304	0.0%	\$993	30.6%
2012	Jul 1, 2009	\$0	\$304	\$304	0.0%	\$528	57.6%

See Note 8 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation, funded status and funding progress.



Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2012

Account	Beg	lance inning Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Balance End of Year
Athletics	\$	3,913	702	4,615	_
Elementary spirit	,	3,834	1,437	821	4,450
High school spirit		5,144	· _	2,572	2,572
Student council		557	_	· _	557
Drill team		2,287	_	2,287	-
		1,268	_	1,268	_
Spanish club Cheerleaders		1	_	. 1	-
National Honor Society		84	_	84	_
Renaissance		309	_	309	_
		809	_	809	_
Speech/drama		16	_	16	_
Red, white, blue crew		21	_	21	_
Student pictures		87	_	87	_
Class of 2013		135	_	135	_
Class of 2014				286	_
Class of 2012		286	_	5	
Class of 2009		5	_	580	_
Class of 2010		580	_	601	_
Class of 2011		601	-		_
French club		201	-	201	- - 100
Yearbook		5,861	300	1,041	5,120
Total	\$	25,999	2,439	15,739	12,699

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Nine Years

				Modified	Accrual	Basis			
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Revenues:									
Local sources:									
Local tax	\$1,539,017	1,643,170	1,674,445	1,650,709	1,450,158	1,266,904	1,262,332	1,194,481	1,270,862
Tuition	1,900	172,052	225,743	271,697	267,517	264,904	271,106	274,671	267,762
Other	66,349	205,048	201,629	220,358	207,383	261,665	211,712	213,457	213,198
Intermediate sources	I	I	16,000	15,000	ı	1	1	1	ı
State sources	796,520	687,714	619,041	774,837	753,438	701,089	697,987	673,656	708,599
Federal sources	141,890	186,557	227,870	85,304	63,932	113,519	187,679	174,996	109,385
Total	\$2,545,676	2,894,541	2,964,728	3,017,905	2,742,428	2,608,081	2,630,816	2,531,261	2,569,806
Expenditures:									
Instruction	\$1,323,898	1,580,842	1,572,598	1,709,361	1,627,752	1,630,137	1,698,014	1,660,962	1,423,257
Support services:					I				
Student	23,649	29,658	21,617	26,770	25,545	57,376	24,309	85,231	81,635
Instructional staff	57,761	14,834	59,694	105,488	102,398	106,626	129,070	28,366	26,757
Administration	273,783	327,452	319,548	352,617	367,227	344,898	369,144	375,184	364,059
Operation and maintenance	162,245	174,315	170,560	214,689	194,587	207,671	245,557	256,474	231,943
of plant									
Transportation	90,258	86,042	222,148	81,440	78,746	210,387	136,270	78,313	317,797
Non-instructional programs	1	ı	I	1	ı	I	ı	260	1
Other expenditures:									
Facilities acquisition	98,626	181,472	143,220	111,320	5,201	41,559	228,534	44,625	10,415
Long-term debt									
Principal	17,968	17,164	23,045	17,585	76,852	143,284	73,417	22,335	82,097
Interest and other charges	5,077	5,881	ı	4,705	7,454	4,133	9,817	5,883	2,540
AEA flowthrough	70,537	77,988	77,067	72,587	70,247	68,762	961,99	905, 506	69,597
Total	\$2,123,802	2,495,648	2,609,497	2,696,562	2,556,009	2,814,833	2,980,928	2,624,139	2,610,097

## **BRUCE D. FRINK**

### **Certified Public Accountant**

### Member:

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- lowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

### Services:

- Individual, Partnership and Corporate Tax Preparation
- · Year Round Tax Planning
- Payroll & Sales Tax Preparation
- · I.R.S. Representation
- · Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- Data Processing Services
- · Payroll Preparation
- Financial Statement Preparation
- · Bank Loan Assistance

### Plus:

- Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Śaturdays Available by Appointment
- Extended Hours During Tax Season

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of the Twin Rivers Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Rivers Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of Twin Rivers Community School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Twin Rivers Community School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Rivers Community School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Rivers Community School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items I-A-12 and I-B-12 to be material weaknesses.

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### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Rivers Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2012 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Twin Rivers Community School District's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the District's responses, we did not audit Twin Rivers Community School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Twin Rivers Community School District and other parties to whom Twin Rivers Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Twin Rivers Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Bruce D. Frik

March 13, 2013

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2012

## Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

### INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

### INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES

I-A-12 Segregation of Duties - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

Recommendation - We realize segregation of duties is difficult with a limited number of office employees. However, the District should review its procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will continue to review our procedures and implement additional controls where possible.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Auditor Drafting of the Financial Statements and Related Footnote Disclosures - As I-B-12 in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. SAS 115, an auditing standard from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, requires auditors to communicate this situation as an internal control deficiency. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of the District's statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of the presentation of those statements. From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do this with organizations of your size. However, based on this auditing standard, it is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by the District's management. As in prior years, we have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financial statements in detail for their accuracy, we have answered any questions they might have, and encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification and disclosure in your financial statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements.

Recommendation - It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

 $\frac{\text{Response}}{\text{this risk}}$  - We feel our review of the draft financials is adequate for us to accept

<u>Conclusion</u> - Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2012

## Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- II-A-12 <u>Certified Budget</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2012, did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- II-B-12 Questionable Expenditures No expenditures we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- II-C-12 Travel Expense No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-12 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
- II-E-12 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-F-12 Board Minutes No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.
- II-G-12 Certified Enrollment No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education were noted.
- II-H-12 Supplementary Weighting No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- II-I-12 Deposits and Investments No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
- II-K-12 Categorical Funding No instances were noted of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2012

## Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

II-L-12 Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax - No instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the District reported the following information regarding the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue in the District's CAR:

Beginning balance Revenues/transfers in: Sales tax revenues Other local revenues	\$131,245 623	\$ 335,801 131,868 367,669
Expenditures/transfers out: School infrastructure construction Equipment Transfer to other funds: Debt service funds	\$ 53,225 38,103 23,045	114,373
Ending balance		\$ <u>253,296</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2012, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.